



Hvad kan vi lære af de nye "World Falls Guidelines"?

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GUIDELINE

World guidelines for falls prevention and management for older adults: a global initiative

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appendix3_evidens tabeller	311s
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- Forekomsten af fald hos ældre er høj
- Fald pr år
 - 65+ årige 30 %
 - 80+ årige 50 %
 - Plejehjem >50 %
 - Tidligere Fald >50 %

Sundhedsstyrelsen – Faldpatienter i den kliniske hverdag 2006
Montero-Odasso et al Age Ageing 2022

- 1,200,000 65+ årige i Danmark
 - 400,000 fald blandt ældre danskere hvert år

Danmarks Statistik

- En af de værste skader er frakturer
 - 10% pådrager sig fraktur efter et fald, 2% et hoftebrud

Tinetti et al NEJM 1998
Milat et al NSW Public Health Bull 2011

Risiko for endnu et knoglebrud

Table 2 Gender-stratified 10-year subsequent fracture incidence in percent, for both men and women

Index fracture	Subsequent fracture							
	Lower leg	Femur (non-hip)	Hip	Pelvis	Vertebral	Forearm	Humerus	Any
Men								
Lower leg	21.1	2.5	8.7	0.9	2.8	6.8	8.1	62.0
Femur (non-hip)	10.3	20.2	17.0	3.2	3.2	9.1	11.9	64.8
Hip	3.9	5.0	33.8	1.8	3.1	5.4	9.4	56.1
Pelvis	5.0	3.3	21.1	9.4	5.0	7.2	15.6	55.0
Vertebral	5.0	2.3	15.0	1.9	20.2	4.8	10.0	52.3
Forearm	4.8	1.4	10.7	1.9	3.1	14.5	9.9	41.7
Humerus	5.6	2.5	16.5	2.4	3.7	8.6	23.8	55.7
Women								
Lower leg	21.4	3.5	12.5	2.1	2.9	14.4	10.3	60.8
Femur (non-hip)	8.7	20.2	20.5	4.0	3.0	10.5	9.0	65.8
Hip	6.1	8.4	40.3	5.7	4.7	14.3	14.1	82.1
Pelvis	8.1	6.6	29.5	11.7	7.1	16.4	15.8	81.4
Vertebral	6.2	4.5	25.9	8.8	17.6	16.1	17.0	81.9
Forearm	6.1	2.5	19.3	2.9	3.6	24.8	13.3	65.3
Humerus	7.4	4.0	26.3	4.2	5.4	22.5	26.9	84.8



Welcome
Global
Guidelines
for Falls in
Older Adults

A global initiative towards
falls prevention and
management



Original Investigation | Geriatrics

Evaluation of Clinical Practice Guidelines on Fall Prevention and Management for Older Adults

A Systematic Review

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NEW HORIZONS

New horizons in falls prevention and management for older adults: a global initiative

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- **96** eksperter verden
- **40** lande
- **36** international selskaber/organisationer
- **25** styregruppe medlemmer
- **12** arbejdsgrupper + **1** tværgående
- **11** Systematiske reviews

- 12 arbejdsgrupper + 1 tværgående tematik om patientperspektiver på tværs af alle arbejdsgrupper

Working Group 1.
Gait and Balance
Assessment Tools
to Assess Risk for
Falls



Leaders:
*Dr. Tahir Masud and Dr.
Jesper Ryg*

Working Group 2.
Polypharmacy.
Fall Risk
Increasing Drugs,
and Falls



Leaders:
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Louise Mallet, and Dr.
Nathalie van der Velde*

Working Group 3.
Cardiovascular
Risk Factors for
Falls



Leaders:
*Dr. Lewis Lipsitz and Dr.
Rose Anne Kenny*

Working Group 4.
Exercise
Interventions for
Prevention of
Falls



Leaders:
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Dr. Dawn Skelton*

Working Group 5.
Falls in Hospitals
and Nursing
Homes



Leaders:
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Meg Morris, and Dr. Ellen
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Working Group 6.
Cognition and
Falls



Leaders:
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Susan Hunter, Dr. Manuel
Montero-Odasso, and Dr. Joe
Verghese*

Working Group 7.
Falls in
Parkinson's
Disease + Related
Disorders



Leaders:
*Dr. Richard Camicioli, Dr.
Jeffrey Hausdorff, and Dr.
Alice Nieuwboer*

Working Group 8.
Falls and
Technology



Leaders:
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Dr. Ervin Sejdic, and Dr.
Clemens Becker*

Working Group 9.
Falls in
Developing
Countries



Leaders:
*Dr. Maw Pin Tan and Dr. Jose
Fernando Gomez-Montes*

Working Group
10. Multifactorial
Interventions



Leaders:
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Dr. Pip Logan, Dr. Mark
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and Dr. Ian Cameron*



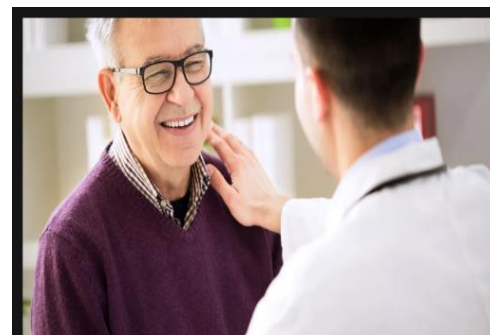
Working Group 11. Cross-
Cutting theme: older
person & stakeholder
perspective

Leader: *Dr. David B. Hogan*



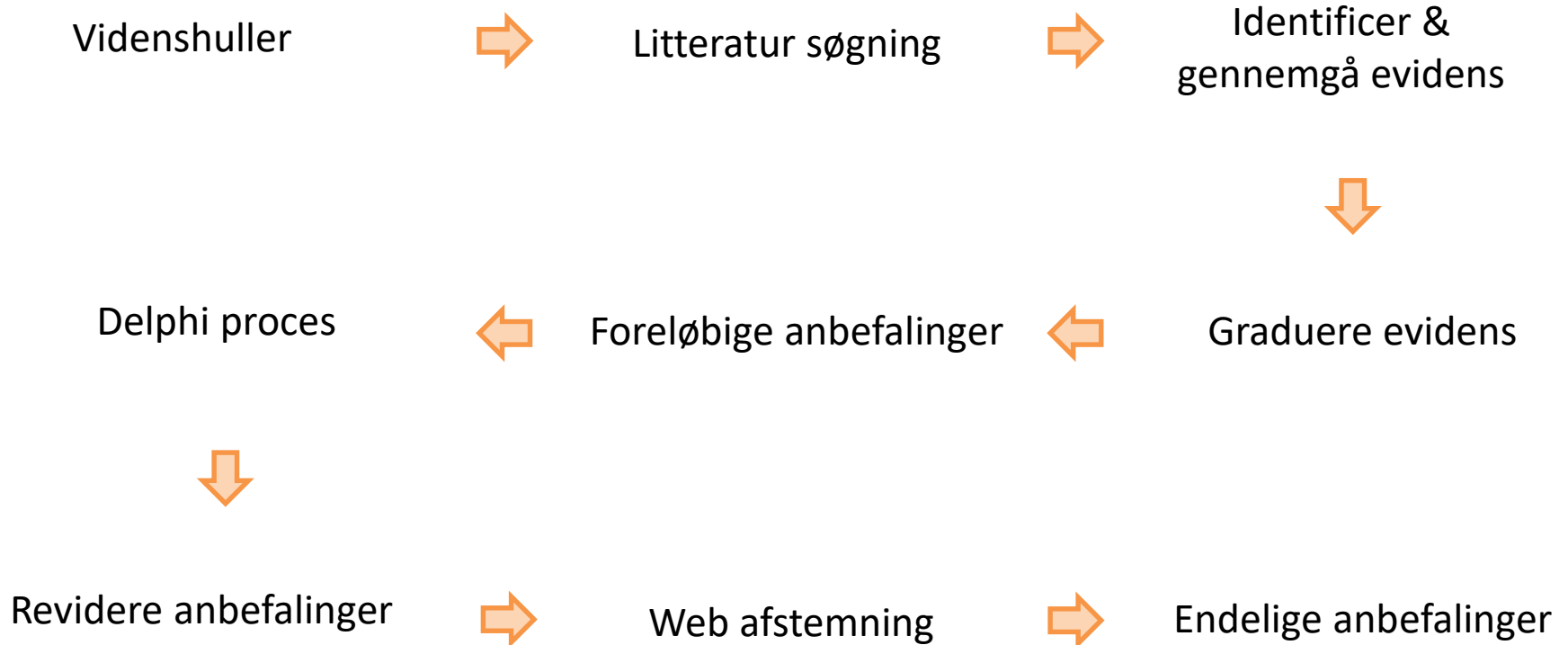
Working Group 12. Fear
of Falling

Leaders:
Dr. Ellen, and Dr. Kim
Member:
*Dr. Ryota Sakurai, Dr. Chris Todd, Dr.
Rixt Zijlstra, Dr. Mae Lim, Dr. Toby
Ellmers, Dr. David B. Hogan*



Cross-Cutting theme: older person & stakeholder perspective

Leader: *Dr. David B. Hogan*



- Modifieret GRADE System (Grades of Recommendation, Assessment, Development, and Evaluation)



Strength of Recommendation	1	Strong: benefits clearly outweigh undesirable effects
	2	Weak, or conditional: either lower quality evidence or desirable and undesirable effects are more closely balanced
Quality of evidence	A	High: “further research is unlikely to change confidence in the estimate of effect”
	B	Intermediate: “further research is likely to have an important impact on the confidence in the estimate of effect and may change the estimate”
	C	Low: “further research is very likely to have an important impact on the confidence in the estimate of effect and is likely to change the estimate”
No evidence Available	E	Experts: “When the review of the evidence failed to identify any quality studies meeting standards set or evidence was not available, recommendations were formulated expert consensus”

WP11: Ældres perspektiv

- Klinikere anbefales rutinemæssigt at spørge om fald hos ældre mennesker
[1A]
- Klinikere bør spørge ind til ældre menneskers oplevelser om fald, deres årsager, fremtidige risiko og hvordan de kan forebygges
[1B]
- En plejeplan udviklet til at forhindre fald og faldrelaterede skader bør indeholde patientens personlige mål, værdier og præferencer
[1B]

WP5: Fald på hospitaler

- Fraråder brug af screeningsværktøjer til risikovurdering af faldrisiko på hospitaler til multifaktoriel faldrisikovurdering hos indlagte ældre personer

[2B]

- Anbefaler, at alle indlagte ældre personer ≥ 65 år får en multifaktoriel faldrisikovurdering og skræddersyet faldforebyggelse information

[1A]

WP1: Gang og balance

- Anbefaler, at gang og balance indgår som led i faldudredning [1B]
- Anbefaler, at inkludere ganghastighed til at forudsige risikoen for fald (cut-off $\leq 0,8$ m/s) [1A]

- Fald rate

Exercise (all types) versus control (e.g. usual activities) for preventing falls in older people living in the community					
Patient or population: Older people living in the community (trials focusing on people recently discharged from hospital were not included)					
Settings: Community, either at home or in places of residence that, on the whole, do not provide residential health-related care					
Intervention: Exercise of all types ^a					
Comparison: Usual care (no change in usual activities) or a control (non-active) intervention ^b					
Outcomes	Illustrative comparative risks* (95% CI)		Relative effect (95% CI)	No of participants (studies)	Certainty of the evidence (GRADE)
	Assumed risk	Corresponding risk			
	Control	Exercise (all types)			
Rate of falls (falls per person-years) Follow-up: range 3 to 30 months	All studies population 850 per 1000 ^c	655 per 1000 (604 to 706)	Rate ratio 0.77 (0.71 to 0.83) ^d	12,981 (59 RCTs)	⊕⊕⊕⊕ high ^e

- NNT: $1/(0.85-0.655) = 5$

- Anbefaler, træningsprogrammer til faldforebyggelse for ældre personer indeholder
 - Balanceudfordrende og funktionelle øvelser
 - Sessioner 3 gange eller mere ugentligt
 - Individualiseret udvikler sig i intensitet
 - Mindst 12 uger og fortsatte længere for større effekt
- [1A]

- Anbefaler, at ældre efter et hoftebrud deltager i individualiseret og progressiv træning med det formål at forbedre mobiliteten som en faldforebyggende strategi

[1B]

- Anbefaler, at programmer efter et hoftebrud påbegyndes under indlæggelse og fortsættes efter udskrivelse

[2C] (indlagte)

[1A] (udskrevne)

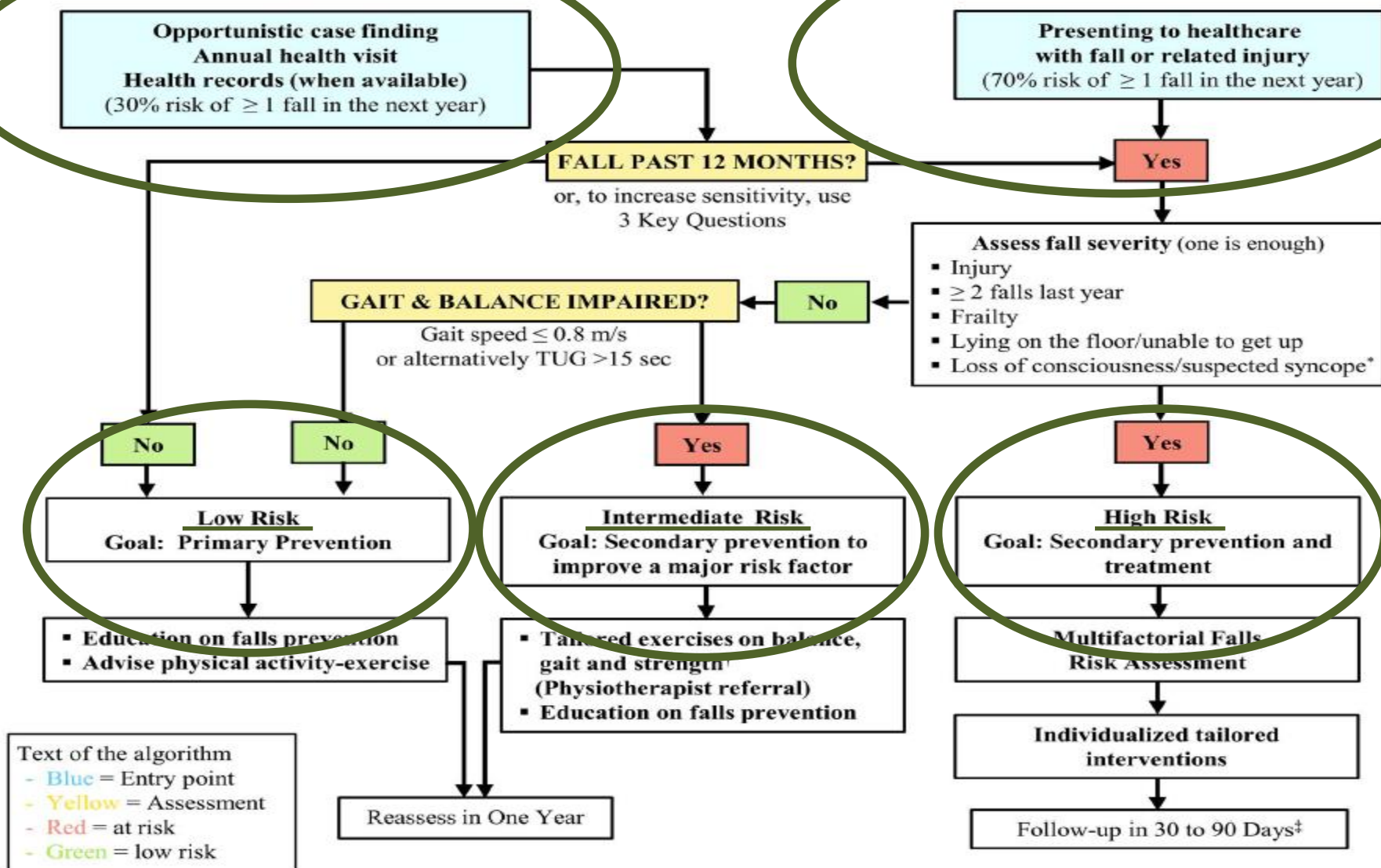
- Anbefaler, at man vurderer faldhistorik og risiko, før ordination af medicin, der kan øge risikoen for fald (FRIDs)

[1B]

- Multifaktoriel vurdering med multidomæne interventioner er effektive til at reducere faldhyppighed når de leveres og efterfølges

[1B]

Ny algoritme ift. risikostratificering



Key Questions:

1) Has fallen in the past year? 2) Feels unsteady when standing or walking? 3) Worries about falling?

- Fald ses hyppigt blandt ældre og har stort personligt samt samfundsmæssigt påvirkning
- Ny algoritme til risikostratificering
- Ældre patienter skal inddrages i eget forløb
- Øget faldrisiko ved nedsat ganghastighed
- Træning kan forebygge fald
 - Den bedste træning er balance og funktionel træning
- Multifaktoriel tilgang kan forebygge fald
- Frakturforebyggelse kræver dual approach

Kongresser Geriatri





Tak for opmærksomheden
